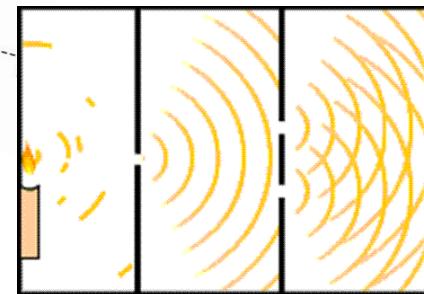
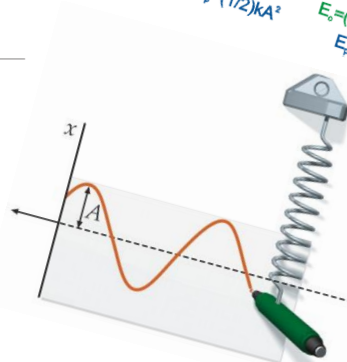
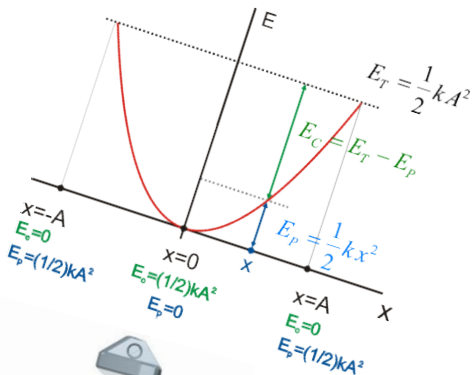
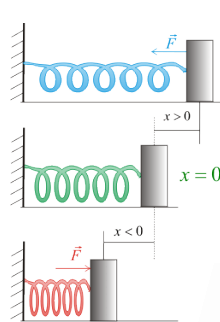
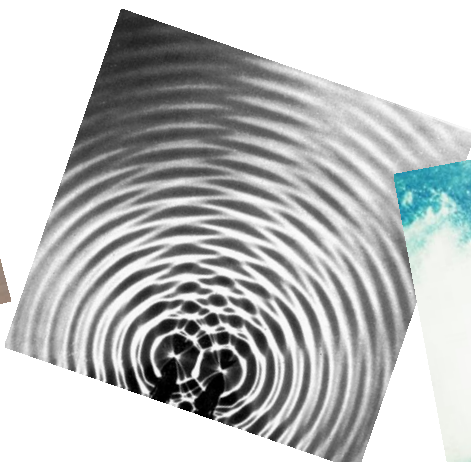
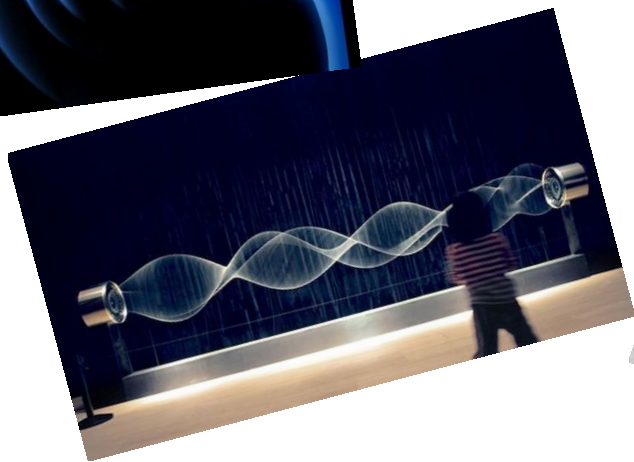


# FISIKA Batx2

Higidura armoniko sinplea.  
 Malgukiaren oszilazioak  
 Uhin higidura  
 Soinu uhinak



$$y(x,t) = Y_0 \sin(\omega t - kx + \varphi_0)$$

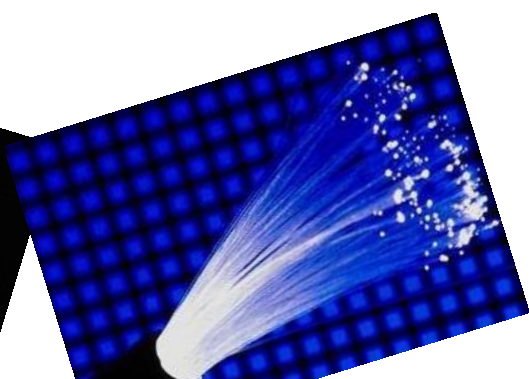
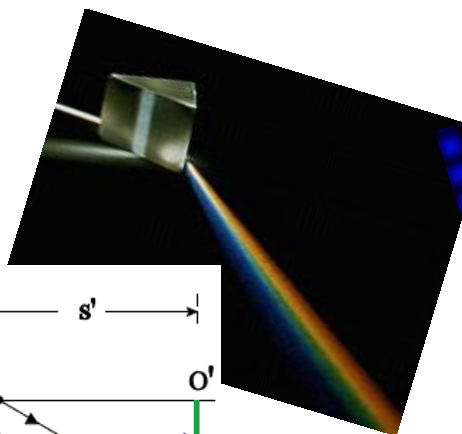
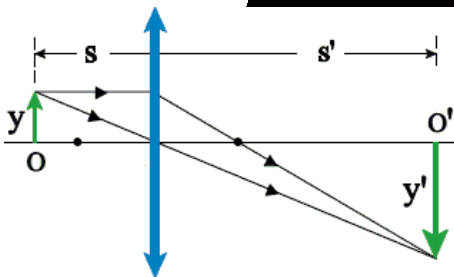




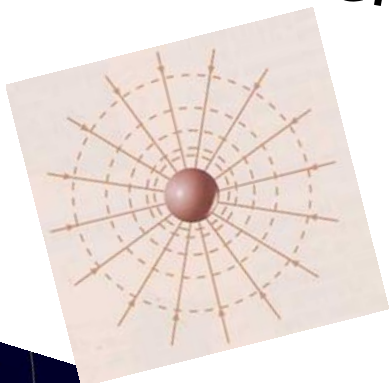
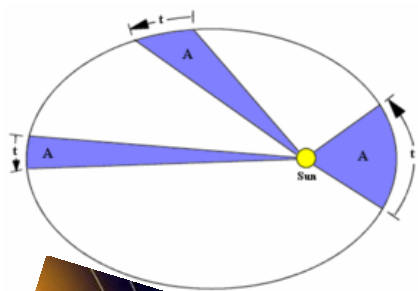
ORIXETOLOSA

Argia

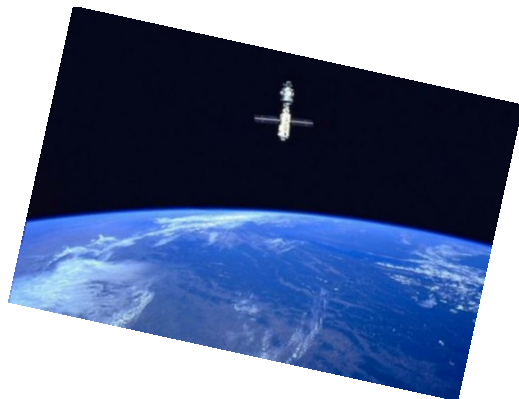
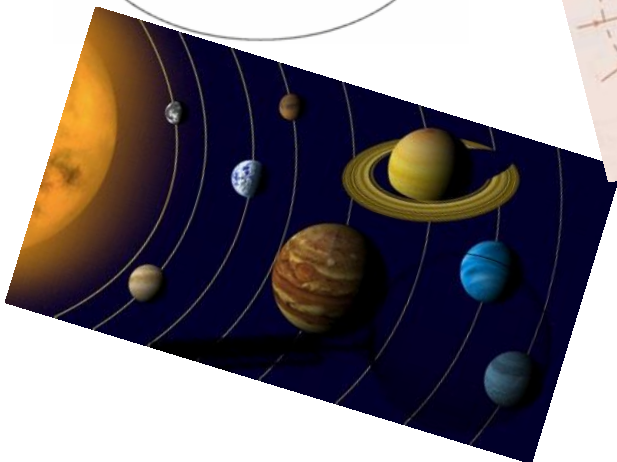
Optika geometrikoa



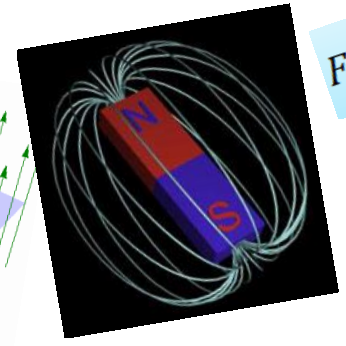
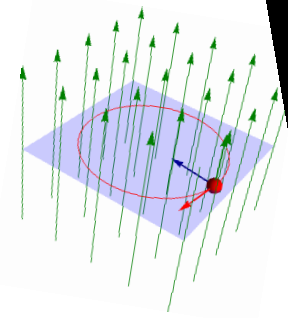
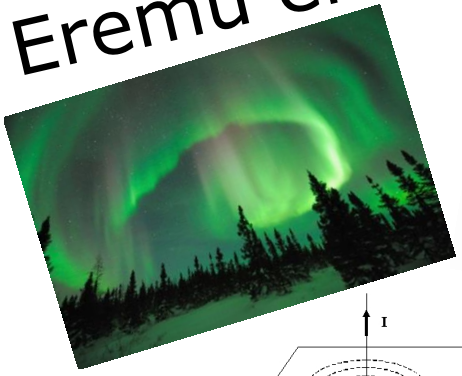
Elkarrekintza grabitatorioa  
Lurreko grabitatea



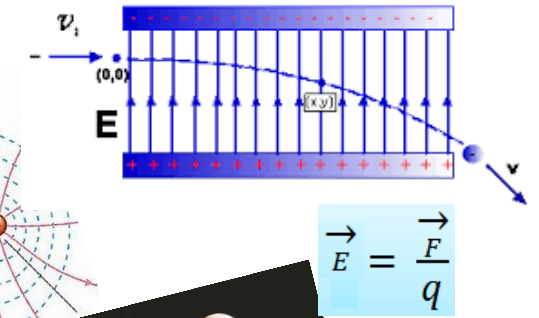
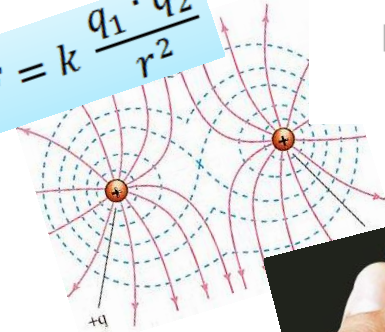
$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2}$$



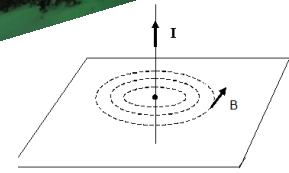
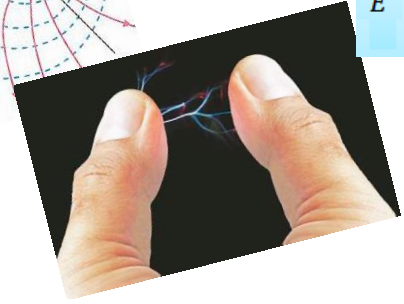
# Eremu elektriko eta magnetikoa



$$F = k \frac{q_1 \cdot q_2}{r^2}$$



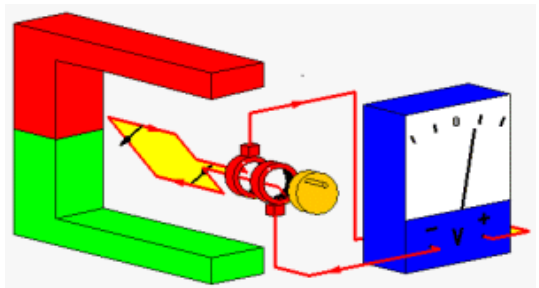
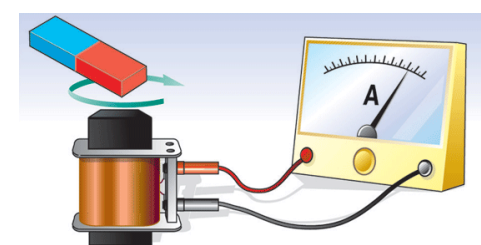
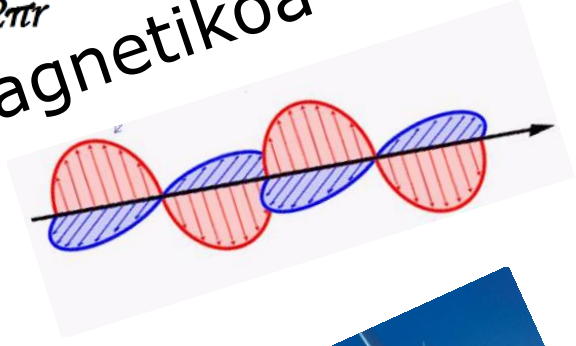
$$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{q}$$



$$B = \mu_0 I / 2\pi r$$

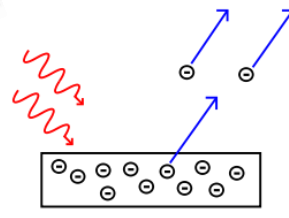
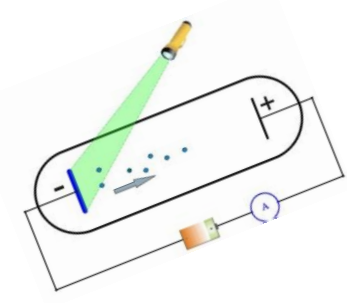
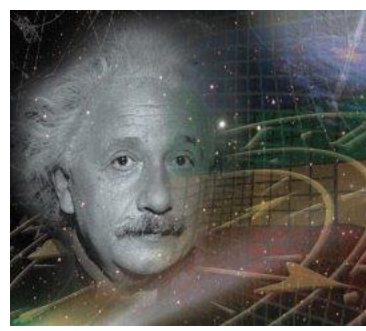
# Indukzio elektromagnetikoa

$$\varepsilon = - \frac{d\phi}{dt}$$

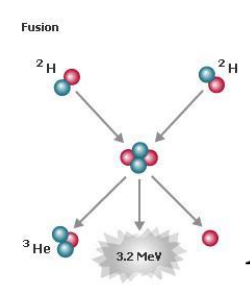
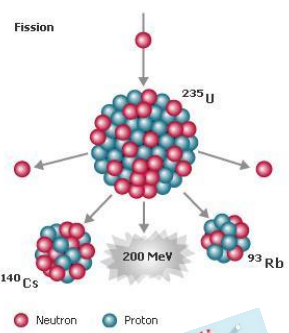
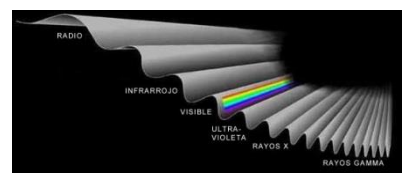
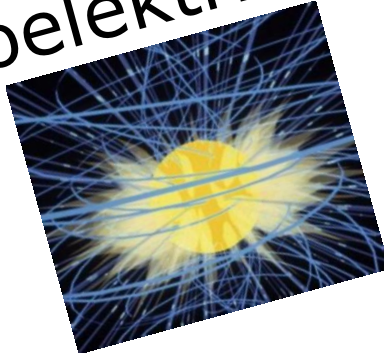


# Fisika kuantikoa

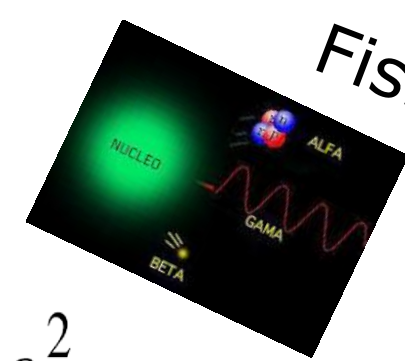
## Efektu fotoelektrikoa



$$E_c = h\nu - W$$



$$E = mc^2$$



## Fisika nuklearra

